

ATS AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SWITCH

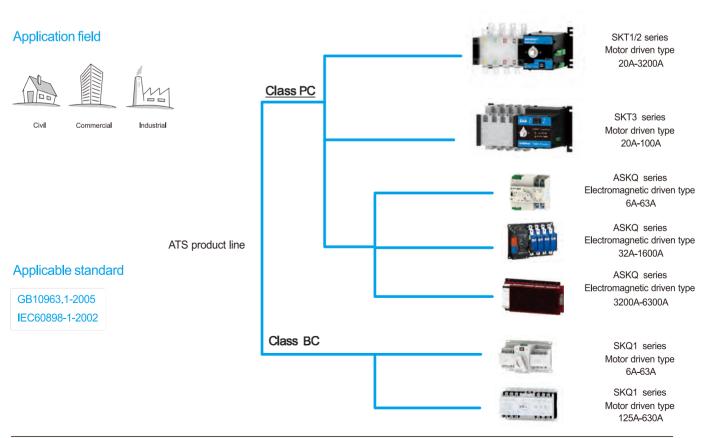


Intelligent Dual Power Automatic Transfer Switch

Wide Range & Perfect Function

AISIKAI Automatic Transfer Switch (Chang over Switch) consists of SKT, SKQ and ASKQ series. We provide perfect solution with product from general performance CB class to high performance PC class, from none-frequently transfer to frequently transfer. Our product covers a wide current range from 6A to 6300A innovatively, and easily meets the various requirements of load in civil, industrial and commercial fields. Our product is suitable for 1, 2, 3 classes of low voltage power distribution system. Our perfect feature configuration satisfies the power switching between utility-utility, utility-generator, generator-generator and more load's uninterruptible backup power supply. Our product is in compliance with related IEC/GB technical standards, is manufactured according to international standards, and has obtained Chinese compulsory certificate (CCC) and European certificate CE . ()

















High Technology Product

SKT series ATS with leading structural design and innovative patented technology, has obtained the National High-Technology Product Certificate (Reference Number 141081G0537N), is in accordance with the standards of IEC60947-1/ IEC60947-3/ IEC60947-6-1/GB14048.1/GB14048.3/ GB14048.11, follows international production standards and has obtained Chinese compulsory certificate (CCC) and European certificate (CE).

Ultra-thin Volume, Residential Star Product

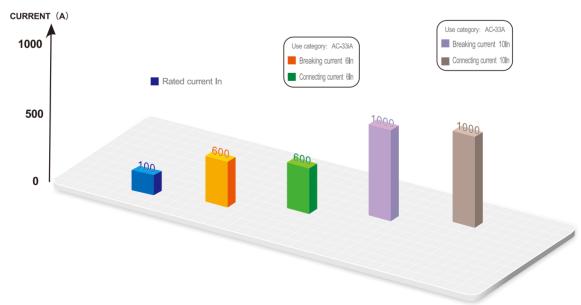
ASKQ series (6A~63A) ATS is our new product developed according to the international residential demand. It has four working modes: Automatic, Remote control, Manual and Lock. When companied with mini-type generator, ASKQ satisfies the uninterruptible backup power supply requirements of places like family residence, villa, private club and etc.

Ultra-high Current, Industrial Specialized Product

ASKQ (3200A~6300A) series ATS is one high performance product developed for the low voltage high current special industrial equipment. It is suitable for industries like mining, oil exploitation and so on, and also works as main power switch in the civil/commercial primary distribution system.

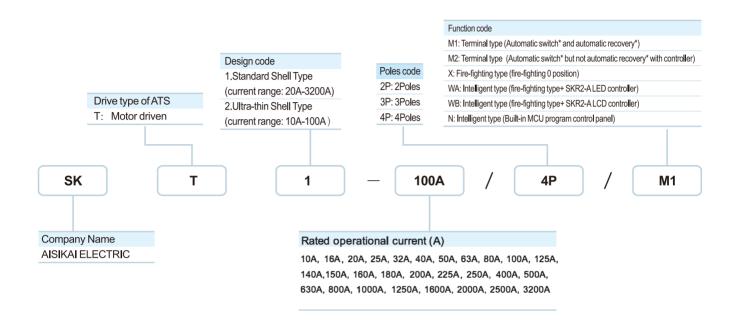
Highest Grade Usage Category AC-33A

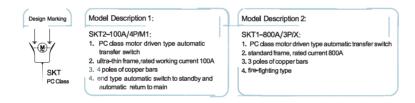
SKT series automatic transfer switch(ATS) reaches the highest AC-33A, covers most of the mixed loads requirements in areas like civil, industry, aviation, traffic, etc. ATS can be operated frequently. Its breaking and connecting capacity is up to 10 times the rated current, which is 67% higher than the Grade AC-33iA ATS.





SKT1, SKT2 series PC class intelligent ATS (motor driven type) quick selection table





Qualification documents



OVERVIEW



 SKT series double power automatic transfer switch is the most advanced third generation product. It is PC class and AC-33A use category can be frequently operated electric transfer switch. Switches are suitable for the reliable conversion of two power sources in 50/60Hz 1 0A -32 00A low-voltage AC power distribution system. There are four working modes: automatic, electric, emergency manual and lock.

CLASSIFICATION

Classified by volume

Standard type: Type 1, 20A-3200A, 5 kinds volume specification Ultra-thin type: Type 2, 10A-100A, 1 kind volume specification Note: Ultra-thin type is 50% smaller than the standard type.

Classified by functions

M1:end type(automatic switch to standby and automatic return to main)
M2: end type[automatic switch to standby but not automatic return to main(need controller)]

X: fire-fighting type (have fire-fighting ZERO position)

WA: intelligent type (fire-fighting type+ external LED controller SKR2-A)

WB: intelligent type (fire-fighting type+external LCD controller SKR2-B) N: intelligent type(built-in MCU program control board)

Classified by poles

2P: 2 poles, 1 phase and 2 lines

3P: 3 poles, 3 phases

4P: 4 poles, 3 phases and 4 lines

APPLICATIONS







Civil

Commercial

Industria

STANDARDS

GB/T14048.11 IEC60947-6-1

NORMAL OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND INSTALLATION METHODS

| Category | Requirement |
|-------------------------|--|
| Operational temperature | Between -20°C and 45°C. The average value in 24 hours does not exceed +35°C |
| Operational humidity | The average humidity at +40'C shall not exceed 50% without condensation |
| Altitude | Lower than 2000 meters. Operation at altitude above 2000 meters requires derating |
| Vibration and gas | Use environment should be without strong vibration and shock, and without harmful gases that corrode metals a destroynsulation |
| Ambient substance | Without heavy dust, conductive partides and explosive hazardous substances |
| Pollution level | III |
| IP rating | IP20 |
| Storage requirements | Storage environment should be between -30 C and 70 C, dry, non-corrosive and non-saline. The maximum storage time is 1 year |
| Packaging | Carton packaging for 630A and below; wooden crate packaging for 800A and above |
| Stacking | No more than 5 layers for 630A and below; no more than 3 layers for 800A and above |
| Installation method | Install vertically or horizontally. Upside down installation is prohibited |
| Wiring method | Standard is top inlet and bottom outlet. Bottom inlet and top outlet can be customized |



ADVANTAGE OF RAW MATERIALS



99.9% High Purity T2 Copper Material

● 99.9% High Purity T2 Copper Material

The moving and fixed contacts are manufactured with T2 copper material. The surfaces are processed with pure silver electroplating technology, achieving a much higher breaking capacity than the wielding silver-point switches.

Main Body Made of DMC

The main body is made of glass fiber reinforcing unsaturated polyester material(DMC), which has extremely high mechanical strength and insulation performance. Compared with the ordinary ABS, DMC has advantages in high strength, corrosion resistance and fire retardancy.

Self-restoring Drive Motor

Select polychloroprene rubber insulation damp & heat type motor or permanent-magnet synchronous motor (patent technology), which is large in torque, low in noise, long in service life. Motor is provided with overheating and over-current self-restoring protection, and is better than that of the electromagnet in the comprehensive performance.

Components Brand Assurance

The electronic components adopted are those of the well-known brands. The master control boards are produced in the domestic first-tier electronic OEM factory. The boards are treated with three-proofing process, thus making them reliable in use, high in performance and long in service life.

STRUCTURAL DESIGN



Double-row composite contacts

Double-row composite contacts

A double-row composite design is adopted for the moving contacts, the conductive area of which is twice as much as that of the single-sided contact switches.

Transverse-pull moving mechanism

The moving contact makes reciprocating motion in the transverse direction, which has the advantages of zero arc and high safety factor as compared with the longitudinal separation type switches.

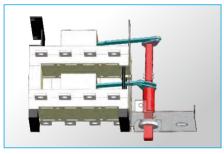
Double interlocking mechanically and electrically

The precise mechanical design ensures complete separation between the two power supplies and the logical management of the control circuit board achieves the electrical interlocking.

Safety zero position

All the products of this series have a safety zero position, which is used to cut off both the two power supplies simultaneously, thus making them better than the two-stage switches in the safety performance.

FUNCTIONAL ADVANTAGES



Mechanical interlocks

Prevention of early failure and damage to equipment

In each piece of the moving contact, a high strength spring leaf made of the silicon manganese steel is fixed reliably in the base and the pressure between the moving and the fixed contacts is kept constant during the transfer process and after the closing of the switch.

Load isolation function

The precise safe distance can isolate effectively the power supply from the load and meet the creepage requirements, is provided with the obvious on-off position display and can be operated under a load.

Zero line overlapping switching

This patented function is used to prevent the equipment from being damaged caused by the zero line potential drift, when the switch is switching (optional function)

PERFORMANCE ADVANTAGES



Ultra-thin design

Service life

Mechanical life: ≥12000 times: Electrical life: ≥7500 times

High breaking and making capacity

10 times rated current breaking capacity, 10 times rated current making capacity, 8kV rated withstand impulse voltage, 75kA rated limit short-circuit current

High-grade use category

AC-33A use category, can be frequently operated, has a much wider scope of application than AC-33B none-frequently operable type.

Meeting Grade I and II power distribution requirements

The good electrical properties can meet the technical requirements of the Grade ${\tt I}$ and ${\tt II}$ power distribution systems and have a higher impact resistance than that of the circuit breaker type ATS to avoid the master switch from tripping caused by the short-circuit of a single load.

Ultra-thin volume (20A-100A)

The precise mechanical design achieves an ultra-thin volume and the volume of an electrical box assembled is only 25% of a floor tile (60*60) in size.

STRUCTURE INTRODUCTION

Switch body: the standard type is equipped with upper incoming lines and lower outgoing lines

Main power input copper bar Used for fixing the main power cable or busbar

Standby power input copper bar Used for fixing the main power cable or busbar

Electronic control unit of transfer switch: including main control circuit board and driving motor Patent No.

ZL 2011 2 0161985.8 ZL 2012 2 0263204.1

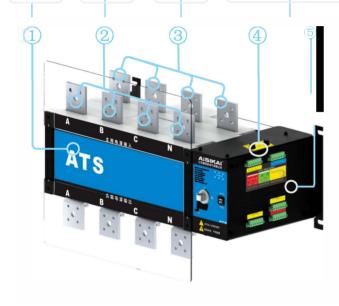
Left installation bracket: Matched with the right installation bracket and used for fixing switches

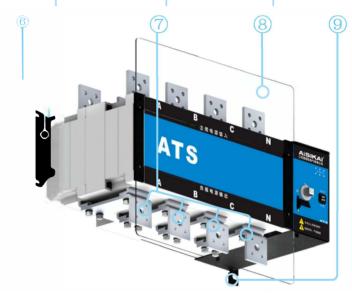
Load power output integrated copper bars, used for fixing the load cables or busbars Patent No. ZL 2010 3 0242257.0

ZL 20102 0664285.6

Safety guard plate insta**ll**ation hole, used for fixing the safety guard plate

Right installation bracket: Matched with the left installation bracket and used for fixing switches





Manual emergency handle interface: used to turn the switch manually to switchover the power supply at an emergency situation

For LED indicators, see ATS-14 for details

Electric/emer gency manual mode selection button

Terminal No.5: Expansion port, no signal output for standard type, optional to install selfstartup signal output and locking-up indication and so on.

Terminal No.1: Electronic control unit power supply input

Terminal No.2: Transferring control signal input (passive control)

Terminal No.3: Position feedback signal output 1 (active output for M type and passive output for other types)



(9)

●No.1-Swiring terminals are configured according to the switch model. see the Terminal **Functions** Introduction for details.



FUNCTION CODE TABLE

| Application type | Terminal type | Fire-fighting type | Intelligent type | |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Function Code | M | X | W(External controller type) | N(Built-in MCU program control panel) |
| Structure | | | | |
| Electrical two-Stage type | Υ | | | |
| Electrical three-Stage type | | Υ | Y | Υ |
| Manual three-Stage type | Υ | Υ | Υ | Υ |
| Control mode | | ' | | |
| Controller manual/ automatic control | | | Υ | Υ |
| Remote electric control (external control) | | Υ | | |
| Emergency manual | Υ | Υ | Υ | Υ |
| Fully automatic switching | Y(without fault detection) | External control | Y(with three phases fault detection) | Y(with three phases fault detection) |
| Locking mode | Optional | Optional | Optional | Optional |
| Fire-fighting signal (forced to zero) | | Passive closed signal | See ATSC-03 for details | Active DC24V signal |
| Main/standby power monitoring and protect | etion | | | |
| Overvoltage protection | Single phase (optional) | Single phase (optional) | Three phases (adjustable range) | Three phases (adjustable range) |
| Undervoltage protection | Single phase (optional) | Single phase (optional) | Three phases (adjustable range) | Three phases (adjustable range) |
| Lost phase protection | | | Υ | Υ |
| Frequency protection | | | See ATSC-03 for details | Υ |
| Phase angle detection | | | | Υ |
| N-phase fault alarm | | | | Υ |
| Phase sequence inconsistency alarm | | | | Υ |
| Application function | ' | | | ' |
| Automatic switch* and automatic recovery* | M1 (Standard products) | External control | Υ | Υ |
| Automatic switch but not automatic recovery | M2 (Customized) | External control | See ATSC-03 for details | Settable |
| Main power supply is priority | Υ | External control | Υ | Υ |
| Standby power supply is priority | 0s或2s(Undervoltage optional) | Optional | Settable | Settable |
| Generator self-start signal (passive) | | Optional | Υ | Υ |
| Transfer delay | | External control | Adjustable | Adjustable |
| Power failure delay setting | | | Υ | Υ |
| Power recovery delay setting | | | Υ | Υ |
| Alarm records storage | | | See ATSC-03 for details | Υ |
| Communication | | | See ATSC-03 for details | Υ |
| Feedback signal | AC220V(I, II) | Passive(I、II、0) | DC5V(I、II、0) | |
| Display function | | | | |
| Switch position status display | External indicator light | External indicator light | Υ | Υ |
| Voltage display | | | See ATSC-03 for details | Υ |
| Frequency display | | | See ATSC-03 for details | Υ |
| Current display | | | See ATSC-03 for details | Υ |
| | | | | |

Note: The W-type is composed of a controller of corresponding functions and an X-type switch.

Y means having this function.

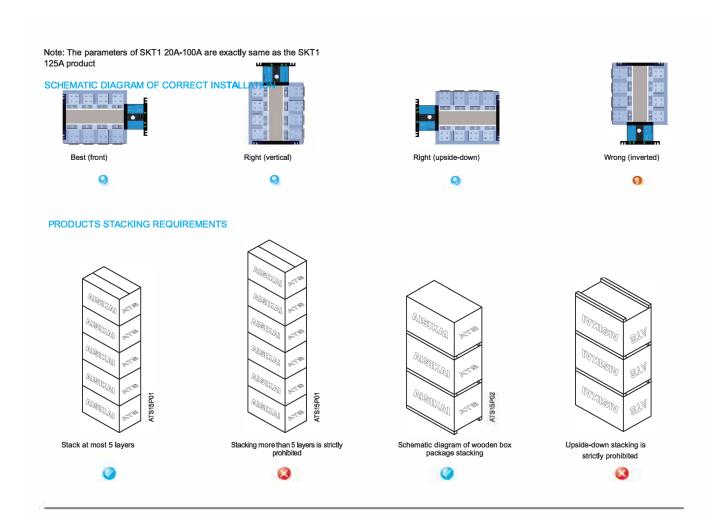
Automatic switch means automatic switch to standby power when main power fails.

Automatic recovery means automatic switch back to main power when main power recovers.



MAIN TECHNICAL PARAMETERS

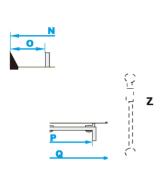
| | SKT2 Series | SKT1 Serie | es | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------------|-----|-------|---------------------|------|------|-------|-----------------|------|------|-------|------|--|
| Frame rating current (Inm) | 100A | 160 | Α | 250A | 6 | 630A | | 1600A | | | | 3200A | | |
| Pole | 3,4 | 3,4 | ı | 3,4 | 3 | 3,4 | 3,4 | | | 3,4 | | | | |
| Rated current (In) | 100 | 125A | 160 | 250 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 | |
| Thermal current rating (lth) | 10,16,20,25,32,40, 50,63,80,100A | 7 7 63 80 100 125 225 250 315 | | | 800,1000,1250,1600A | | | | 2000,2500,3200A | | | | | |
| Rated insulation voltage of copper bar (Ui) | | | | | 1000V | | | | | | | | | |
| Rated impulse with stand voltage (Uimp) | | 12V | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rated operational voltage copper bar (Ue) | | AC400 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Use category | | | | | AC-33E | | | | | | | | | |
| Rated operational current of copper bar (le) | 10,16,20,25,32,40,50,63,80,100,125,140,150,160,180,200,2 25, 250,315,350,400,500,630 800,1000,1250,1600,2000,2500,3200 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rated making capacity | | | | | 10le | | | | | | | | | |
| Rated breaking capacity | 10le | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fusefor protection | 100kA | 100 |)kA | 100kA | 1 | 20kA | | 120 |)kA | | | 120kA | | |
| circuit current(Iq) Short time current(1s) | 14kA | 25 | kA | 35kA | 50kA | | 50kA | | | 65kA | | | | |
| Transferring time I-II or II-I | 0.8S 0.4S 0.5S | | | | | | | 0.68 | | | | | | |

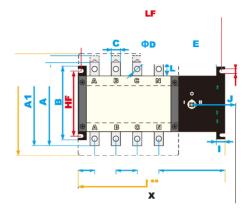


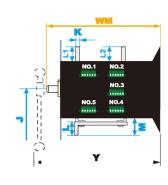


OUTLINE DRAWING 1

20A-1600A outline dimensions







20A-1600A outline and installation dimensions table

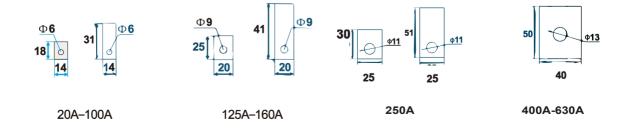
| Series Current range | | Current range Installation data | | | Maximum size of the body | | | | Other detailed dimensions of switch | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----|--------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-------------------------------------|-----|----|----|-------|----|
| | | LF | WF | HF | LM | ™WM | нм | A | A1 | В | С | ФД | E | F |
| SKT2 | 20-100A | 225 | 6.5 | 84 | 244 | 138 | 136 | 126 | 115 | 106 | 14 | 6 | 103 | 20 |
| | 125-160A | 271 | 6.5 | 110 | 290 | 188 | 180 | 155 | 140 | 130 | 20 | 9 | 103 | 30 |
| | 250A | 334 | 6.5 | 110 | 348 | 194 | 216 | 192 | 166 | 130 | 25 | 11 | 103 | 38 |
| | 400A | 416 | 8.5 | 180 | 435 | 262 | 324 | 270 | | 200 | 40 | 13 | 125.5 | 48 |
| | 630A | 416 | 8.5 | 180 | 435 | 262 | 324 | 270 | | 200 | 40 | 13 | 125.5 | 48 |
| 01/74 | 800A | 608 | ₁ 11 | 220 | 633 | 321 | 451 | 350 | | 250 | 63 | 15 | 120 | 72 |
| SKT1 | 1000A | 608 | 11 | 220 | 633 | 321 | 451 | 350 | | 250 | 63 | 15 | 120 | 72 |
| | 1250A | 608 | 11 | 220 | 633 | 320.5 | 451 | 350 | | 250 | 63 | 16 | 120 | 72 |
| | 1600A | 608 | 11 | 220 | 633 | 320.5 | 451 | 392 | | 250 | 80 | 13 | 120 | 72 |

Note: X, Y and Z are the maximum width, depth and height of the switch assembled with a manual emergency handle.

Depending on the angle of the handle when installing or the difference of positions of the slider moving, the corresponding dimensions will be smaller than the data listed in the table above, which are listed for reference only.

The parameters of SKT1 series 20A-100A is exactly same as the SKT1 125A product.

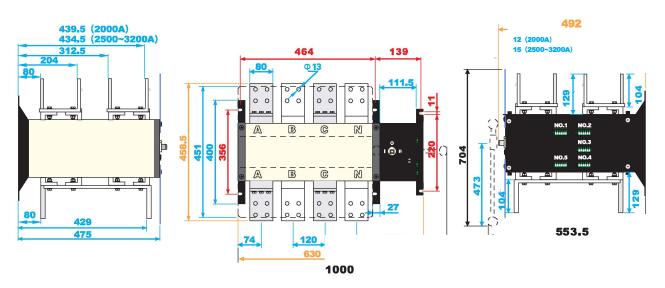
Input and output copper bar dimensions chart





OUTLINE DRAWING 2 (AUXILIARY DIMENSIONS)

2000A-3200A auxiliary outline dimensions

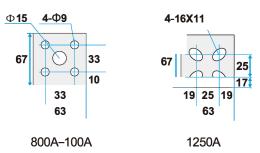


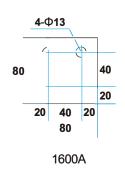
Other detailed dimensions of switch

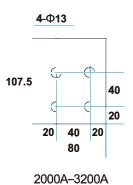
Reference dimensions

| G | TH . | $T_{\mathbf{I}}$ | J | K | TL. | L1 | L2 | M | N | 0 | P | Q | X | Υ | Z | |
|-----|------|------------------|-----|------|-------|----|----|-----|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|--|
| 30 | 134 | 16 | 142 | 2. 5 | 20 | 18 | 31 | 26 | 87.5 | 37.5 | 89 | 114 | 303.5 | 173 | 210 | |
| 36 | 152 | 18 | 188 | 3. 5 | 25 | 25 | 41 | 31 | 133 | 56 | 133.5 | 167 | 392.5 | 220 | 279 | |
| 50 | 160 | 18 | 188 | 3. 5 | 28. 5 | 30 | 51 | 36 | 136 | 56 | 138 | 171 | 460 | 227 | 303 | |
| 64 | 195 | 24 | 188 | 5 | 45 | 51 | 51 | 59 | 187 | 77 | 205 | 237 | 522 | 293 | 365 | |
| 64 | 195 | 24 | 188 | 6 | 45 | 51 | 51 | 59 | 187 | 77 | 205 | 237 | 522 | 293 | 365 | |
| 120 | 201 | 27 | 473 | 7 | 72 | 66 | 66 | 88 | 247 | 103 | 254 | 298.5 | 1000 | 381 | 704 | |
| 120 | 201 | 27 | 473 | 7 | 72 | 66 | 66 | 88 | 247 | 103 | 254 | 298.5 | 1000 | 381 | 704 | |
| 120 | 201 | 27 | 473 | 7 | 72 | 66 | 66 | 88 | 247 | 103 | 254 | 298.5 | 1000 | 381 | 704 | |
| 120 | 201 | 27 | 473 | 10 | 100 | 80 | 80 | 125 | 247 | 103 | 254 | 298.5 | 1000 | 381 | 704 | |

Input and output copper bar dimensions chart











ATSC



SKR2-A Series automatic transfer switch controller

Product overview



SKR2-A automatic transfer switch controller is based on the micro-processor core. It can accurately detect the three phases/ single phase voltage of the dual power supplies, make accurate judgement of voltage anomalies (power loss, over voltage, under voltage, phase missing, over frequency, under frequency), and control the switching of ATS after delay. It is suitable for the ATS with one breaking position or no breaking position. Controllers have the function of sending generator start signal after delay when power 1# becomes abnormal.Using RS485 communication interface, controllers realize functions of remote measurement, remote communication and remote control.

Performance Feature

- Collect and display the 3 phases voltage and frequency of dual power supplies:
- Through panel keys users can set the parameters like "1# power has transferring priority", "2# power has transferring priority", "no priority", "automatic/manual", etc.
- Breaking and closing output is pulse output.
- Dual N lines are separated in design.
- Have automatic/manual mode switching function. In manual mode, pressing the keys on panel to control the switching of ATS.
- Panel LED can display the ATS working status clearly.
- Have the force open input port. When it's active, ATS is forced to the breaking position (only
 effective for the ATS with breaking position).
- Equipped with programmable relays (AUX.OUTPUT1, AUX.OUTPUT2), which can control
 the switching of the power supply of ATS.
- 1#, 2# power switching relays (1#COLSE, 2#CLOSE, OPEN) output contacts capacity is 5A AC25V. All contacts are passive contacts and can be used to drive the ATS switching.
- Generator start relay (GENS START) output contact capacity is 7A AC250V / 7A DC28V ant it's passive closing contact.
- Modular structure design. Flame-retardant ABS shell. Pluggable wiring terminal. Embedded installation method. Compact structure. Easy installation.

Application area







Civil Commerci

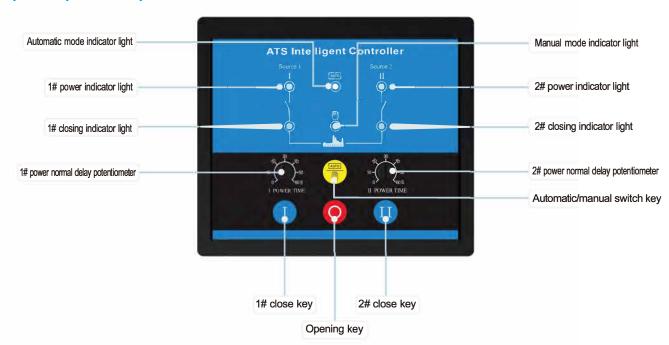
Industrial

Working conditions and installation modes

| Category | Description | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Working conditions | Temperature: (-25+70) °C Wumidity: (20~90) %; | | | | | | | |
| Storage conditions | Temperature: (20~90) %; | | | | | | | |
| Protection level | lp55: When the waterproof rubber ring is strengthened between the controller and the control panel IP42: When the waterproof rubber ring not strengthened between the controller and the control panel | | | | | | | |
| | Object: Between Input/Output/Power Supply | | | | | | | |
| Insulation strength | Reference standard: IEC688–1992; | | | | | | | |
| | Test method: AC 1.5KV/1min leakage current 5mA | | | | | | | |
| Installation mode | Installed in non-vibration electric cabinet | | | | | | | |

SKR2-A Series automatic transfer switch controller

Operation panel description



Specification

| Item | Con | tent | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Working voltage | AC power L1N1/L2N2 supply, voltage rangeAC170V~277V. | | | | | |
| Overall power consumption | ≤3W (Standby mode: <1W) | | | | | |
| | 3 phases 4 lines(ph-N) | AC170V~AC277V | | | | |
| AC voltage input | Single phase 2 lines(ph-N) | AC170V~AC277V | | | | |
| | 2 phases 3lines(ph-N) | AC170V~AC277V | | | | |
| Rated frequency | 50/60Hz | | | | | |
| 1# closing relay output port | 5A AC250V Passive outpo | ut | | | | |
| 2# closing relay output port | 5A AC250V Passive output | ıt | | | | |
| Breaking relay output port | 5A AC250V Passive outpo | ut | | | | |
| Relay output 1 | 10A AC250V Passive output | | | | | |
| Relay output 2 | 10A AC250V Passive output | | | | | |
| Generator start relay | 7A AC250V Passive output | | | | | |
| 1# closing input port | Effective when connect wi | th COM2 | | | | |
| 2# closing input port | Effective when connect wi | th COM2 | | | | |
| Force open input port | Effective when connect wi | th COM2 | | | | |
| Communication | RS485 interface, MODBUS | protocol | | | | |
| Outline dimensions | 139mm×120mm×48mm | | | | | |
| Hole dimensions | 130mm×111mm | | | | | |
| Working conditions | Temperature: (-25~+70 ℃) Relative humidity: (20~93)%RH | | | | | |
| Storage conditions | Temperature: (-25~+70℃) | | | | | |
| Protection level | IP55 when waterproof rubbe | r ring is mounted between controller and control panel. | | | | |
| Insulation strength | AC2.2kV voltage is applied between | AC high voltage terminal and low voltage terminal, the leakage current is no larger tha | | | | |
| Weight | 0.51 kg | | | | | |



Panel operation of parameters setting

1. Entering and exiting parameters setting mode

Press key and hold, after 3s, controller all LED lights are on and controller enters light-test mode. Keep pressing key, after 7s, controller all LED lights flash(500ms one time) and controller enters parameter setting mode. Release key, if you want to cancel the setting, press key, controller all LED lights flash 5 times (200ms one time) and controller returns normal test mode. In light-test mode, release key, controller returns normal test mode. In parameters setting mode, if no parameters are set, controller automatically returns normal test mode after about 1° 30 °.

2. Transferring priority setting

Firstly enter the parameter setting mode before setting transferring priority.

The procedure of setting "1# power has transferring priority", "2# power has transferring priority" and "no priority":

a.Press and hold **1** key, **3** key and **1** key simultaneously. Release **1** key, **3** key and **1** key when 1# power indicator light, automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light come on simultaneously. Automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light go out, 1# power indicator light is on, then controller enters transferring priority setting mode.

b. Press key can set controller in 3 power supply modes circularly.

When 1# power indicator light is on and 2# power indicator light is off, 1# power has transferring priority.

When 2# power indicator light is on and 1# power indicator light is off, 2# power has transferring priority.

When both 1# and 2# power indicator lights are on, there's no transferring priority.

c.After setting, press (1) key, when 1# power indicator light, automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light are on, means the transferring priority setting value is saved successfully. All lights on panel flash 5 times quickly and controller returns normal test mode. The controller will operate according to the just set priority.

Every time tum on the controller power, the current transferring priority setting can be judged according to the 3 conditions below.

- ----If 1# power indicator light flashes 3 times quickly, 1# power has priority.
- ----If 2# power indicator light flashes 3 times quickly, 2# power has priority.
- ----If both 1# and 2# power indicator lights flash 3 times quickly, there's no priority.

3. AC wiring system setting

Firstly enter the parameter setting mode before setting the AC wiring system.

The procedure of setting AC wiring systems (single phase 3 lines, 3 phases 4 lines, 2 phases 3 lines):

a.Press down • • • • • simultaneously. Release • • • • • • when 1# power indicator light, automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light go out, 1# power indicator light is on.

b.Press key. Release key when 1# power indicator light, automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light come on simultaneously. 1# power indicator light, automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light go out simultaneously, then controller enters AC wiring system setting mode.

c.Press key can set controller in 3 AC wiring systems circularly.

When 1# close indicator light is on, the setting is 2 lines system;

When 1# close indicator light, manual mode indicator light and 2# close indicator light are on, the setting is 3 phases 4 lines system;

When 1# close indicator light and manual mode indicator light are on, the setting is 2 phases and 3 lines system.

d.After setting, press (1) key, when 1# power indicator light, automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light come simultaneously, means the AC wiring system setting is saved successfully. All lights on panel flash 5 times quickly and controller returns normal test mode. The controller will operate according to the just set wiring system.

Every time turn on the controller power, the current wiring system setting can be judged according to the 3 conditions below.

- ——If 1# close indicator light is on, it's single phase 2 lines
- —If 1# close indicator light, manual mode indicator light and 2# close indicator light are on, it's 3 phases 4 lines.
- ——If both 1# and manual mode indicator lights are on, it's 2 phases 3 lines.

4. Delay setting

Adjust "1# power normal delay" potentiometer, can set the output delay after 1# power getting normal (potentiometer is at the side of the backpanel terminal).

Adjust "2# power normal delay" potentiometer, can set the output delay after 2# power getting normal (potentiometer is at the side of the backpanel terminal).

Firstly enter the parameter setting mode before setting the delay.

The procedure of setting "1# power abnormal delay", "2# power abnormal delay":

a.Press down • key, • key simultaneously. Release • key, • key when 1# power indicator light, automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light come on simultaneously. 1# power indicator light, automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light go out simultaneously, then controller enters delay setting mode.

1# power abnormal delay: adjust the "1# power normal delay" potentiometer.

2# power abnormal delay: adjust the "2# power normal delay" potentiometer.

b.After setting, press key, when 1# power indicator light, automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light come on simultaneously, means the value set by potentiometer is saved successfully. All lights on panel flash 5 times quickly and controller returns normal test mode. The controller will operate according to the just set delay value.

Note: 1# power normal delay value should be no less than 1# power abnormal delay value, otherwise 1# power normal delay value will be forced to the value of 1# power abnormal delay. 2# power normal delay value should be no less than 2# power abnormal delay value, otherwise 2# power normal delay value will be forced to the value of 2# power abnormal delay.

5. Restore the factory delay value

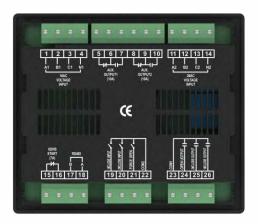
Firstly enter the parameter setting mode.

b.Press key, when 1# power indicator light, automatic mode indicator light and 2# power indicator light come on simultaneously, means delay value is restored to factory setting. All indicators on panel flashes 5 times and controller return to normal test mode. Controller will work according to the factory setting delay value.

Note: 1#, 2# power abnormal delay factory setting value is 5 seconds. Generator shutdown delay factory setting value is 90 seconds.



Input/output interface diagram



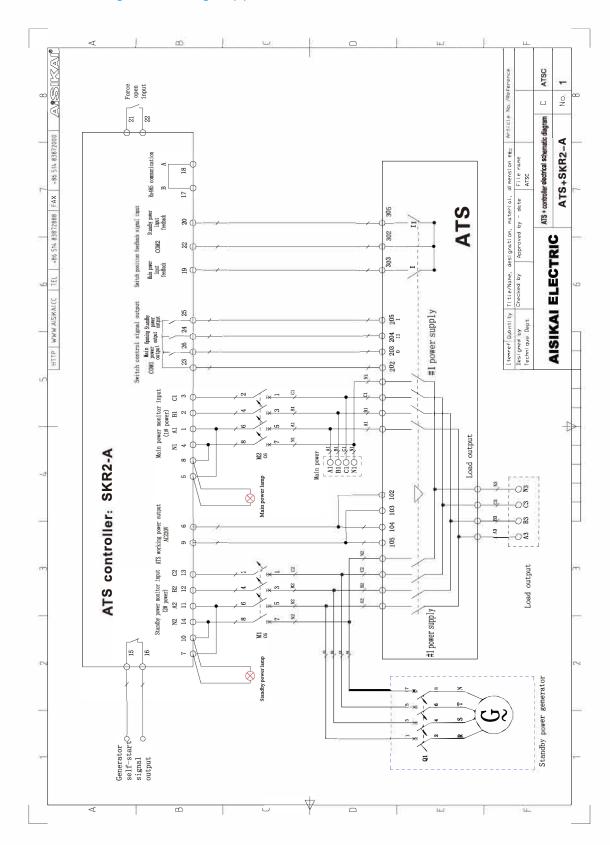
SKR2-A controller input output interface diagram

Wiring terminal function description

| Terminal number | Item | Fun | ction description | Remark | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | A1 | | | | | | |
| 2 | B1 | 1# AC 3 nhae | es 4 lines voltage input | If single phase input, only A1 and N1 are u | | | |
| 3 | C1 | I# AO 3 pilase | es 4 illies voltage iliput | in single phase input, only AT and AT are used | | | |
| 4 | N1 | | | | | | |
| 5 | | Normally close | | | | | |
| 6 | Output port 1 | Common terminal | ATS power phase A | Passive relay contact output, rated 10A | | | |
| 7 | | Normally open | | | | | |
| 8 | | Normally close | | | | | |
| 9 | Output port 2 | Common terminal | ATS power phase N | Passive relay contact output, rated 10A | | | |
| 10 | | Normally open | | | | | |
| 11 | A2 | | | | | | |
| 12 | B2 | 2# AC 2 mbassa | 4 lines valtage input | If single phase input only \$2 and \$2 are use | | | |
| 13 | C2 | Z# AC 3 phases | 4 lines voltage input | If single phase input, only A2 and N2 are used | | | |
| 14 | N2 | | | | | | |
| 15 | Start autout | Doggive relev | antant autmut | Normally class systems rated 76 | | | |
| 16 | Start output | Passive relay c | ontact output | Normally close output, rated 7A | | | |
| 17 | В | D0405 | | | | | |
| 18 | Α | RS485 commun | ication interface | | | | |
| 19 | 1# close input | Detect 1# closing | state,auxiliary contact input | Effective when connect with COM2 | | | |
| 20 | 2# close input | Detect 2# closing | state,auxiliary contact input | Effective when connect with COM2 | | | |
| 21 | Force open | Make ATS transfer to | the open position when effective | Effective when connect with COM2 | | | |
| 22 | Common terminal | Input common | terminal | COM2 | | | |
| 23 | Output common terminal | COM1 | | Close, Opening output common terminal | | | |
| 24 | Opening output | Passive relay c | ontact output | Normally open contact output, rated 5A | | | |
| 25 | 2# close output | Passive relay c | ontact output | Normally open contact output, rated 5A | | | |
| 26 | 1# close output | Passive relay c | ontact output | Normally open contact output, rated 5A | | | |

Note: COM1 is output common terminal, COM2 is input common terminal, they cannot be connected with each other.

SKR2-A controller Wiring schematic diagram(1)





SKR2-A controller Wiring schematic diagram(1)

